THE KING OF Denmarkes vvel-come:

K. Christian IV.

Ann. Dyon.

Containing his ariuall, abode, and entertainement, both in the Citie and other places.

Discite Io pean, Io bis discite pean.

LONDON
Printed by Edward Allde.
1606.

КЛИНСКОЕ

The moſt Joyfull, royall and magnificent meeting, between our moſt dreade Soueraigne *Iames* by the grace of God, King of greate *Brittaine*, *France* & *Ireland*, defendor of the Faith, &c. And *Chriſtian* the 4. King of *Denmarke*, *Norway*, *Gothland* & *Vandalls*, Duke of *Sleſwicke*, *Holſt*, *Stormarch*, *Wagria* and *Ditchmarke*, Count of *Oſdenburge* and *Delmenhurſt*, &c. And Brother to our moſte Gracious Queene *Anne*, vppon the Riuer of *Thames*, neere vnto *Grauеſend*, On Fryday the 18. of Iuly, Anno. 1606.

Written in a diſcourſe from a Gentleman to a friend of his in the northerne parts: together with the manner of the two kinges cõming to *Greenewich*, the entertainment there and in other places, & their moſte pompous paſſage through the Citie of London.

SIr, albeit out of mine owne diſpoſition as wel as out of the difficultye of theſe times (which from a late cuſtomarie title, haue takẽ vnto themſelues a more large Pattent of miſconſtruing mens wordes, or miſaplying their meaninges (how euer it ſauour of a vertuous Innocency) then hath been exerciſed in the daies of our fore-fathers) I haue beene euer a moſte vnwilling Newes-ſender: yet conſidering the threefold bleſſinges which like a Diuine imbroderye

makes our Nation moſt admirable, both in the eyes & eares of al domeſtique & forraine people: to wit a King holy & magnanimous. Royal iſſue & proſperous, & Imperial alliãce, faithful & inuincible, haue at this preſent ſo inflamed both my heart and eyes: the latter with admiration, the firſt with a deepe and waighty conſideration: how aboundandantlye wee are to praiſe the Maieſtie of Maieſties, who to the dayes of our peace, hath added theſe ioyfull and not formerlye heard-of howers of moſte vnſpeakeable happineſſe, wherein we are bleſt to beholde our nation gouerned by ſo puiſſant a King, who with his birth-right and inheritance, hath brought vs peace, without limytation, which albeit before we inioyed inour boſomes, yet we wanted in our garments, ſucceſsion to our ſtate, ſuch as confound all the thoughts of the ambitious, and that affinitie, concord, and allyance, which hath not onelye taken frõ enuie her ſting, but euen giuen to the worſt feare a moſt valiant and reſolued courage: nay more, to behold a ſtranger king (ſtranger I meane as to our eies and the diſtance of Kingdomes how euer the neereſt of all great ones in blood and friendſhip) a King I ſay bleſt with all the felicities of power, peace and fertilitie: not to ſend his loue, but to bring his loue: not to proteſt by the mouth of others, but to witneſſe with his owne words: not to giue vs hope what he will be, but to aſſure vs in himſelfe what hee is: as it is an example exceeding all examples, a bleſſedneſſe beyond the compaſſe of memorie, and an inſtance (how euer imitable in parte) yet in the whole beyond the records of our longeſt Chronicles; ſo let vs all euen ſanctifie

both

both with heart and voice, the memorie of the Royall King of *Denmarkes* comming to our kingdome, and euen teach it to our children, from generation to generation, that euen till the last day it may bee kept as fresh in mens mouthes and eares, as at this present: and that succeeding ages who shall but heare the name of our Royall Queene *Anne*, from whose happie coniunction is discended both this felicitie and all others: which our Children and Childrens Children shall hereafter hope for, may with the Poet say, *O quam te memorem virgo, O dea certe!* From these considerations accõpained with this so strange though long wisht for, & most happy meeting of our King and his deerest brother, the King of *Denmark*, I was stirred vp to write you such particulars as eyther my selfe perticularly noted, or else I receiued from others, which were eye witnesses.

THe seauenteenth day of Iulye beeing Thursday, the King of *Denmark* with about seauen goodly tal shippes, sayling alongst the coast of England, came towards the euening vp to the Riuer of Thames, ouer against *Graues-end*, where hee cast Anchor: and notice beeing giuen to our King, whose Court was then at *Greenewich*, being foure mile from London, his Maiestie sent certaine of principall account downe to *Graues-end* to the King, but night beeing come, and the Watch in orderlie and warlike sort sette, the King of *Denmarke* slept that night aboord his shippe. The next day being the eighteenth of Iuly, & Friday, our King attended by the Prince of *Wales* and Duke of *Linox*, the Earle of Nottingham Lord Admirall

Admirall, the Earle of Suffolke, Lord Chamberlaine and diuers other Earles, Barrons, Knights, Penſioners, and Eſquires, to the number of ſome fiue or ſixe and thirtie Bardges, or there abouts, tooke his Maieſties bardge & went downe to Grauеſend; where firſt the noblemen went aboord the King of *Denmarks* ſhip, & were moſt graciouſly receiued: after them the Young Prince, whome the King culd & imbraced moſte louingly in his armes, expreſſing a moſt tender & royall affection: the came our King himſelfe, betweeп whom & the king of *Denmark*, paſt ſuch imbraces, ſuch words & ſuch royal accōpleмēts of moſt vnuiolable & inexpreſſable affection, that I am neither able to conceiue it, nor worthie to deliuer it, ſuch wordes and thoughts being fit for no meaner boſomes.

The Ship wherein the King of *Denmarke* went, was a moſte goodly and famous Veſſell, and as ſome Shipmen reported, about the burthen of ten or twelue hundred tunne, ſhee boare in her, three tyer of Ordinance, all braſſe, both great and large: her poope, her forecaſtle and Beake-head, were all fayre carued and ritchly guilt, ſo were the port-holes for her peeces, her tops, top-maſts & other places: her flagges, Streamers and Pendants were all blewe and white: in her waſte and vpper workes ſtood a Guard of Harquebuſhes all in blew Doublets, white hattes with blew and white bandes, Caſſocks and breeches made neare our Engliſh faſhion, all of blew cloath, and ſtript thicke with blew & white ſilke lace, blew Stockings and yellow ſilke Gatters: vpon the toppe of the Poope ſtood about foureteen trūpeters, beſides drūmers, al in white

Hats,

Hats,with bandes imbroadered with golde, white satten Doublets,laide with watchet silke and siluer lace: their hose of watchet brancht Veluet, and layd with watchet silke and siluer lace: their Cloakes of blew cloath, garded about with fiue or sixe gardes of watchet Veluet,and laide on with watchet silke and siluer twiste: their Trumpets all siluer and fayre guilt, their Bandroles of watchet silke and siluer, and fayre Banners, containing the Kings armes. Neerer to the Kinges Person, and as it were in nature of our Kings Guard of Gentlemen Pensioners, stood a greate sorte of handsome Gentlemen, with fayre Halberts in their handes,white Hats with golde imbroadered bandes, Cassocks and breeches of watchet Veluet, guarded thicke with a broad lace of watchet silke, siluer,and golde,their Cassocks linde thorowe with changeable Taffata,watchet, and crimson: white Satten Doublets laide with watchet silke and siluer lace, guilt Rapiers & daggers, & in general, euerie mans apparrell made neere to our present english fashion:then were there about foure young Youthes,the Kinges Pages in white Hats,with golde imbrodered bands,Doublets & hose of watchet Satten laide with siluer Lace,and Cloakes of watchet cloath, garded with some foure gardes of watchet Veluet,and laid on with watchet silk & siluer twist: Diuers other inferior officers there were in watchet cloath Cloakes garded with watchet Veluet: The next of al to the kings person were about sixe very graue auncient and worthye persons of his Majesties priuie Counsell: next them stood about some twentie or aboue, gallant and braue Gentlemen, some of his

Maiesties

Maieſties Bed-chamber: ſome appertaining to his highneſſe perſon in other neere offices. In all and of all ſortes, that were attendant vpon the King of *Denmarke* excepting & omitting Saylors, and ſuch whoſe offices were onely at Sea: the whole number as it was faithfully reported, came to three hundred and fourteene, or thereabouts. After the Kings had beene priuately together a good ſpace, and that accompliments and other entertainments on ſhip-boorde were ended, the two famous Kings came forth together, and our King preſented to the King of *Denmarke* his owne priuie Bardge, which Bardge was made in faſhiõ of a Tower, or little Caſtle, all cloſe with glaſſe windowes, and caſements faire carued and guilt, and wrought with much Art: the roofe of it was made with battlements, pynacles, pyramides, and fine imagerie: it was towed by an other Bardge, in which was about ſome thirtie Oares or aboue: into this Bardge went the King of *Denmarke*, our King, the yong Prince, and ſome others of the moſt eſpeciall account, both of *Denmarke* and *England*: into other Barges, and other boates appointed for the purpoſe, were the reſt of the King of *Denmarkes* Traine receiued.

As ſoone as the two Kings were in the Bardge, not onely that ſhip wherein the King of *Denmarke* himſelfe went, but alſo all the reſt let flie all their ordinance in moſt gallant ſort, euen to the amazement of the ayre, and delight of the beholders.

Now it is to be noted by the way, that the ſhippe wherein the King of *Denmarke* went, was Caſtle-like diuided into euery office and place of ſtate, as greate

Chamber,

Chamber, Presence chãber, Priuie chamber, &c. And those chãbers verie richly hung with hangings of state, and ordered according to the dignitie of the places; In maner aforesaide, the two Kinges with both their traynes (which did euen as it were almost couer the Thames) rowed vp to Greenewich, where they landed at the Kings stayres, where the water being somewhat too low, there was a long Table laide from the staiers to the bardge to land vpon, where our King out of his great grace, loue, and royaltie, gaue the King of *Denmarke* the first place, and right hand. When they were both landed, our King with most louing and tender imbracements, gaue (as it seemed to vs that were there admirers) a most kinde welcome to his deerest brother, and so as it were arme in arme, the Nobles and Gallants of England, and the like of Denmarke, going two and two together before the Kings, they marched from the water stayres, to the great Gate of the Court, and so vp the great Hall and the stayres, into the great Chamber, thence into the presence, and so into the priuie Chamber, from whence it may bee supposed the two Kinges went to the Queenes Maiesties Chamber (who as then had layne in about some fortnight or more) there being nothing more to be desired, either of her Maiestie, or her royall brother, then the sight of each other: How euer it was, what loue, what accompliments, what repetitions of naturall affections passed betweene them is not for vulgar minds to imagine, sith none but so great partes knowe them.

On Saturday in the morning, being the xix. of July,

the two Kings attended with diuerſe Noble men and others, ride to *Eltham* Parke hard by Greenewich, where his Maieſtie hath a verie faire houſe, and there they hunted and killed Bucks, and ſo returned to the Court to Greenwich to dinner, where our King feaſted the King of *Denmarke* moſt royally in the loggings appointed for the King of *Denmarke*, being the two great Towers and Galleries within the Tilt-yard, which were ſo well marſhalled and contriued, that neither the numbers to be receiued found deſeaſe, the attendants trouble, nor the number of vaine gazers (in which our Nation is more rich then any Kingdome) want of their fooliſh eyes ſatisfaction, then for the accates and cheare, fleſh, fiſh, foule, beare, ale, and wines of all ſortes, it was ſo royally ſuperabundant, that neyther malice nor detraction could ſay, but it was moſt worthily magnificent, and by the way in that ſo great a feaſt, where liberalitie with an open hande threwe inticing baites of ſurfaite abroad, which might euen haue drawne temperance it ſelfe to haue erred in his owne diſpoſition: I gathered and obſerued this note, that how euer the Kingdome of *Denmarke* hath in precedent times, beene either commended or accuſed, for the free-hearted intertainment, or to great delight in drinke, yet theſe (I meane the meaner ſort of this royall Kings followers, in whom euer is ſooneſt diſcerned the moſt common errour) did ſhowe at this great feaſt, where they could but wiſh and haue it effected. nay, where many men of many Nations, I knowe, would haue eſteemed it more barbarous to haue refuſed drinke, then diſgrace to bee drunke: ſuch

such discreete temperance, refusing with such modest courtesie, and shunning surcharge, wich such pleasing affabilitie, that in my conceit they exceeded the feuerest Italian: sure I am, for our owne Nation, I haue neither at home, nor abroad seene them more modest, I may wel say not so respectiue, nay into such a beleefe, and expectation, had former reportes drawne mee, that their first abstinence I imputed to inacquaintance, feare of disgrace, and seueritie of more temperate gouernours: but when I sawe all those obstakles reconciled, and freedome lent euen to the freenesse of their natures, I sawe them continue their good cariage and peacefull modestie vnder such a constant rule, that the meanest might some times bee an example to some of ours, that haue or sue for much higher places.

After dinner was ended, and sometime spent betweene the two Kings in priuate, the King of *Denmake* came downe through the priuie Gardens into the Tennis-Court, where he sate and sawe diuerse sets played at the Tennis, betweene a French Gentleman and one *Webbe* an English Gentleman: and because I had in that Tennis-court, by reason that I stoode a good space opposite against his Maiestie, a perfite and full view of him, I will as neare as I can deliuer you his discription, according to mine owne coniecture.

First, for his Maiesties stature, it is tall, but not of the tallest sort of men, such as a man shoulde make a question, of a taller, but of that mediocritie of talnesse, which is most pleasing in the eye and sense of the best iudgement: his haire is of a whitish

browne: his beard ſomewhat whiter then his head: his cheekes he keepeth ſmooth without haire: his haire vppon his chinne about three-fingers long, cutte of an euen cutte: in his cheekes hee hath a pure and freſh blood: his countenance cheerefull and amiable: his fore-heade white and hie: his eyes bright and liuely: In all; his face is full, rounde, and enriched with beautie: and to ſpeake without errour, ſuch and ſo like, that any one that hath behelde her, might chalenge him by the face of the Queenes Maieſtie his Siſter. Hee is of bodie ſtrongly made, broade, large, and of the beſt compoſition, hee appeares bigge vnder his waſte, hath an exceeding cleane made legge, and a delicate fine made foote: to conclude, his proportion ſhewes him to bee a man of greate ſtrength, actiuitie, and indurance, ſuch as are the markes of the beſt Conquerours. The apparell which that day he wore, was a Doublet & Hoſe of a kinde of Bryer-ball coloured Satten, plaine, and onely cut with a byas cutte, the faſhion, ſuch as is at this day moſt of requeſt in this Kingdome: hee wore a paire of white Silke Stockings, and a paire of blacke Spaniſh leather ſhooes: about his arme he wore a faire Scarfe, and on his heade he had a gray Beuer Hat, with a Hat-band of Pearle, and Diamonds ſet in Gold-ſmiths worke, and a Iewell of Diamonds, which held vp the right ſide brimme of his hat: in my conceyte of price not to bee valued.

On Sunday being the twentieth day of Iulie, all Courtiers, euen from the beſt to the meaneſt, gaue their attendance in their beſt gallantrie, the Guarde

in

in their rich Coats, all ſtudded ouer with ſtuddes of Golde and Siluer, and faire guilt Halberts in their handes, ſtoode on each ſide from the preſence Chamber doore, to the farther end of the long Gallery next to the Chappell: the Gentle-men Penciones, ſome in cloth of Golde, ſome in cloth of Siluer, Veluet, or Satten layde with Golde or Siluer lace, the meaneſt all with guilt Pollaxes in their handes, armed with veluet, ſtudded with Golde, and taſſeld with coloured Silks & Golde or Siluer, ſtood from the one end of the preſence Chamber to the other, euen to the doore of the Lobby which goeth into the priuie Chamber: and when all thinges were in a readineſſe, the Nobilitie and Counſaile of England, and the counſaile and worthies of *Denmarke* going two and two together before the two kinges, verie rich, and in great ſtate followed through both the former Guards, to the Chappel: where after prayers ended, they returned againe into the preſence in like ſtatelye faſhion, where that day our King feaſted the King of *Denmarke* in moſt ſumptuous manner, Drummes beating, and Trumpets ſounding ouer all the Pallace. Had a hunger ſtarued wretch beene but brought thither, to haue behelde the aboundance of meate, without doubt I am perſwaded it would haue filled his ſtomacke: euen plentie breeding a loath, and the open hande of liberalitie ſtopping the mouth of Deſire, inſomuch that many refuſed, what they moſt craued, becauſe it came ſo bountifully without asking; and what was moſt both to be admyred and prayſed. Al this infinit worlde of abundance was gouerned by ſuch a diſcreete and

euen hand of well experienſt iudgement, that there was neither ſeene lauiſhment in the expence, nor diſorder in the vſe, but all thinges diſcharged bountifully, royally, & without any diſtaſt or ſmalleſt ſhowe of the leaſt diſcontentment.

On Munday the one and twentieth day of Iuly, both the Kinges hunted in *Greenewich* Parke, and dined at the White Tower on the top of the hill, in the Parke, the Earle of Northamton hauing the keeping thereof.

Tueſday the xxij. of Iuly, and Wedneſday the xxiij. were ſpent in hunting at *Eltham* and in feaſting. On Thurſday the foure and twentyeth of Iuly, both the Kinges with their traines, which contained great numbers, roade in progreſſe to *Theobalds* neare *Waltham*, being twelue miles from the Cittie of *London*, and being in the houſe of the moſte Noble and worthie Earle of Salisburie, where vppon the approach of the Kinges Maieſties, there were manie verie learned, delicate, and ſignificant ſhowes and deuiſes preſented vnto them, which I wil omitte amply to diſcribe, becauſe my coniecture may erre from the drift of the inuentor, and I hould it a capitall offence by a ſleight imagination to miſconſter a fayre inuention; and there is no doubt but the author thereof who hath his place equall with the beſt in thoſe Artes, will himſelfe at his leaſurable howers publiſh it in the beſt perfection. Yet to giue you a little taſte of what came neareſt to my vnderſtanding, there was at the entrance of the Gates, planted a goodly Tree with leaues, and other ornaments reſembling a great Oake: the leaues cut all out of greene ſilke,

silke, and set so artificially, that after certaine speeches deliuered, and Songes of *Welcome* sung, as the Kinges Majesties passed away, euen in a trice, all the leaues showred from the tree, both vppon the heads and Garments of both the Kinges, and of a great multitude of their followers: vppon euerie leafe beeing written in golde Letters this word *(Welcome)* and vppon some twice *(Welcome)* and the better to put your eares in tune, beeing duld with this my ill pend discourse, I wil set you downe heere the Song of Welcome, which was sung before both the Kings:

The Stanzaes by a single voice, the Chorus by a whole consort of voices.

The

The Song at *Theobalds*.

IF euerie Ioy now had a tongue,
And all the ſeuerall thoughts were ſung,
Vnder this happie roofe,
They could make proofe,
How much they doe reioyce,
In one, the Maiſters voice:
and that is welcome *ſtill.*

Hayle double flame of Maieſties,
Whoſe luſter quicken's: blindes not eyes,
Who euer ſaw ſuch light
would wiſh for night?
Stay, ſtay, we may reioyce,
And keepe our conſtant voice,
which is your welcome *ſtill.*

When two Sunnes ſhine, the ample day
Should not ſo haſte it ſelfe away:
A feare to looſe deſtroyes
almoſt our Ioyes,
But we muſt ſo reioyce,
As we make good our voice,
of welcome, welcome *ſtill.*

Chorus.

And would you euer ſtay,
And make it laſting day,
Tis welcome, welcome *ſtill.*

After

After the two kinges with great state and magnificence were entred the house, it is not to be imagined but beleued, that there wanted no meanes either of deuise, pleasure, entertainment, feasting, or what else might glut the heart with contentment, but was there with the most liberall hand, willing heart, and contented spirit powred foorth, no man reprehended for giuing, but many for not taking.

On friday being the fiue and twentieth day of Iuly, both the Kinges went and hunted the Stagge in Waltham Forrest, where the heat of the day, the dust from the earth, and the busie flies in the woodes, I thinke took from the Kinges maiestie of *Denmarke* the best part of his delight in the hunting: after they had kilde a brace or two of Staggs, they returned backe to *Theobalds*, where they spent that night and the next day being Saterday the six and twentieth day of Iuly in priuate mirth and feasting.

On Sunday being the seauen and twentieth day of Iuly, as if the noble Earle of *Salisburie* meant to make a distinguishment or difference twixt daies, and to crowne the Saboath with the greatest glorie: the feast, pompe, and bountie, (though the former was almost more then thought could comprehend) seemed euen to double in his encrease of greatnes. Flesh and fish of all sorts fitte for the vse of man, and the most dainty, the most abundant, were so mingled and heaped together, that it was hard to distinguish of which kind there was greatest plentie, each dish that was conuicted vp, especially bak'd meates and others fitte to support, had little pendantes with the hatchment or

armes

armes of *England* and *Denmarke* vpon them, and vnder (in Golden letters) written *Welcome* & *Welcome still*. Many according to the opinion of the eye, which euer is farthest in loue with the last obiect, held this daies feast, the greatest of al other, although the other might well hold a superlatiue in any reasonable iudgement: how euer, tis most certaine they were all most royall, & abounded. At the Kings departure the Earle of *Salisburie* presented to the King of *Denmarke* a fayre Barbarie Horse, a faire English Horse, a goodlye Mare, and two daintie Tracconers for his Maiesties iourneying Saddle, all couered with cloathes of fugard cloath of siluer, richly fringed and adorned.

On Munday being the eight and twentie day of Iuly, both the Kinges Maiesties after Dinner, departed in great state and gallantrie from *Theobaldes* (where I dare sweare the Noble Earle could haue beene contented to haue enioyed them a much longer season) and thence returned backe vnto *Greenewich*, where they spent Tuesday, the nine and twentieth day of Iuly, and Wednesday the thirtieth day of Iuly, in hunting, feasting, and other priuate delights. On Wednesday at night, the Youthes of Paules, commonlye cald the Children of Paules, plaide before the two Kings, a playe called *Abuses*: containing both a Comedie and a Tragedie, at which the Kinges seemed to take delight and be much pleased.

On Thursday, beeing the one and thirtieth day of Iuly, after Breakefast was ended, both the Kings with their moste ample Traines, tooke Bardge at Greenewich, and in the moste solemne manner that

that might bee, came vppe to the Tower at London, landed at the Kinges ſtayres, tooke viewe of the Wharfe and Ordinance, and alſo of the Tower, who then was trymde and adorn'd in her beſt and moſte warlike Ornaments: there the Lorde Mayor of the Cittie of London, the two Sheriffes, and almoſte a worlde of Earles, Barrons, Knightes and Eſquyres, met the two Maieſtyes: there the Lorde Mayor deliuered to our King his Sword, and receiued backe from our King his Scepter, which hee boare before the two Majeſtyes. This doone, the two Kinges mounted vppon two goodlye Horſes of like colour, like Plumes all white, and like Barbes or Caparyſons of inuerted Golde and Siluer. In like manner, all the Nobilitie and Gallantrye both of Court and Cittye were mounted vppon greate Horſes, ſome with plumes of Feathers: ſome with ritch imbrodered Saddles: ſome with capariſons: ſome with moſt coſtly Foote-cloathes: and other men of other faſhions, being mounted according to the qualitie of their places, were in a moſte gallant readineſſe to attend the two royall Kinges in their hye pompe, cleane thorough the moſte famous Cittie of *London*, which that you may the more truely deſcerne the greatneſſe of the ſtate, I will firſt deliuer you the manner of their paſſage.

First road ſome xx. & odde of the Knight Marſhals men for clearing the way, in white Hats, with greene & white bandes, white Fuſtian Doublets, and greene Cloath-hoſe. After them roade all our Kings Trumpeters ſounding their trumpets, behinde whom roade our

Sergeant Trumpeter with his Mace: After him rode one of the King of *Denmarkes* Drums, hauing on each side his horse hanging a Kettle Drum, which hee beate with two red sticks, made like two morter pestles, after him roade al the King of *Denmarks* Trumpeters, sounding their Trumpets: then roade all our Kinges Groomes and Messengers of the Chamber: after whome followed one of our Pursеuants at Armes; then roade mounted on great Horses ritchly furnished and themselues adorned in most costly and rich suites, by two and two, all the Knights and Gentlemen Pensioners, and Knights & Gentlemen, our kings sworne Seruants. After them roade likewise by two and two mounted also vpon great Horses, ritchly trimde and themselues verie rich (after the English fashion) all the king of *Denmarkes* Gallants and ordinarie Seruants: After them roade another Pursеuant at Armes: then roade al the Knights and Gentlemen of our kings Priuie Chamber, Bed-chamber, and places of especiall regard: then the king of *Denmarks* of like place and degree: then a Herrald at armes: after him all our Barrons and Vicountes: then the Lord Bishops in their Rochets, then the Maisters of Request: then all our Earles, according to their places, not being of the Counsaile: then the Lords of our kinges Priuie-counsell, and them of the king of *Denmarkes* Counsell: then our Lord Treasurer with his white staffe, & the Lord Chauncelor with the Purse, and the Lord Mayor of the Cittie: then the Duke of *Lynox* all alone: then the Sergeants at armes with their Maces, then *Garter* king at armes, and all the Gentlemen Vshers: then the Lord

Admirall,

Admirall, bearing the ſworde, and the Lord Chamberlaine with his white ſtaffe: after whome roade the yong Prince, mounted vpon a moſt delicate Courſer: after him on the right hand road the king of *Denmarke*, and on the left hand our King, about whome went all our Kinges footemen, in rich coates of Crimſon Veluet, yellow Satten Doublets, yellow Satten Hoſe, and yellow Stockings. Cloſe behinde the Kings road the Earle of Worceſter, maſter of the horſe: after whom followed almoſt an hundred or more Gentlemen, the Kings ſeruants, and on each ſide went on foote the King of *Denmarkes* Guard of Harquebuſhes, being about an hundred or more: In this ſtately equipage they departed from the Tower-hill, at whoſe departure were ſhot from the Tower, and the Wharfe, about ſome ſeauen ſcore great ſhot, being all Cannon, Demy-cannon, Baſilisco, and Culuering, beſides Chamber peeces a great number: at the entring of Tower ſtreete, ſate all the children of Chriſts Church Hoſpitall, in their blew coates, together with their gouernours in their liueryes: from Tower-ſtreete to White-hall being neere two miles in length, all the ſtreets through which their Maieſties did paſſe, were rayled according to the bigneſſe of the ſtreete, with railes of framed tymber about twentie foote wide, the one ſide being but with a ſingle raile, againſt the which the people and beholders might leane: the other ſide with a double rayle, ſome halfe a foote or better from the ground boorded vnder foote and ſeated within, and both the rayles before and behinde were all couered to the gronnd with blewe cloath. Within theſe

double Rayles thus hung, ſate the Maiſters, Wardens, and whole Liuereys of euerie ſeuerall Companie through the Cittie of London, which companyes extended their length from Tower-ſtreete to Temple Barre, being ſomewhat more then a Mile: before the Rayles, and before each ſeuerall Companie, ſtoode the Batchelers of eache ſeuerall Companie, in Satten, Veluet, and other Silke Doublets, and Hoſe, Golde Chaynes about their neckes, and ſome Pearle Chaynes, and white Staues in their handes: Alongeſt the Rayles cleane through out, were faſtned all the Banners, Cornets, Flagges, Bandrels, Enſignes, and Pendants, belonging to euerie ſeuerall Companie, contayning within them all the Armes, Deuiſes, and Honors any way belonging to anie of the ſame ſeuerall Companies: all the houſes in euerie ſtreete, through which the two Maieſties did paſſe, had their Penthouſes and Walles couered, ſome with Arraſſe, ſome with Tapiſtrie, ſome with Turkie worke, ſome with other Ornaments, according to the abilitie of the dwellers, to the great delight of all iudiciall beholders, and to the amazement of ſuch as had not formerly ſeene the like ſights: for the clearing of the middle ſtreete, in which the Kings were to paſſe, that none but ſuch as were appointed for ſeruice might abide or peſter the ſame, there were appointed for the Cittie two Prouoſt Marſhals, who mounted on horſe-backe in Veluet Coats, red Scarfes, Golde Chaines, and plumes of Feathers road vp and downe, the one attended with eight men in yellowe Fuſtian Doublets and Hoſe, white Hattes, redde Feathers,

and

and redde Scarffes; the other with as manie in like ſuits, and white Hattes, white Feathers, and white Scarffes. To ſecond theſe, were the Conſtables of euerie Warde, with ſeuerall bandes of Halberders, who kept euery thing in ſuch peaceable order, that no thing was ſeene rude or vncomely.

The Kinges Maieſties in manner before preſcribed, paſſed from Tower-ſtreete downe Marke Lane, thence downe Fanchurch-ſtreete, ſo vp Graciouſſtreete, and then downe Cornehill to the Conduite before the Royall Exchange, which that day ran with Claret-wine: vpon the toppe of the Royall Exchange ſate all the Cittie Trumpetters, who during the Kings paſſage ſounded their Trumpets moſt excellently: then the Kinges paſſed downe through the Poultrie, till they came to the great long Conduite in the neather ende of Cheapeſide: vppon the toppe of that Conduite, was the modell of a faire Garden, and at one ende an Arbour moſt delicately made in the figure of a ſquare Canapie, portraiting out in boughes the ſemblance of Pillars, Pinacles, and other imboſt worke. This Arbor was all adorned with fruits of all ſortes, as Apples, Peares, Plums, Melons, and ſuch like: within the Arbor was a conſort of lowde Muſique, ſignifying (as ſome imagined) the Bower of the nine Muſes. This Conduite alſo that day ranne Claret-wine: from thence the Kings paſſed vp Cheapſide, till they came as hie as the Horſe-head Tauerne, from whence there was made a Scaffolde of a prettie height, all lined, hung, and couered ouer heade with blewe cloath: In this Scaffolde ſate the Recorder of

of the Citie, and foure and twentie Aldermen all in their Scarlet Gownes: The Recorder vppon the two Kings approach descended from his seate, and made a most fathous and worthie Oration: which ended, hee presented to the King of *Denmarke* a most rich present as from the whole body of the Citie: this done, and the Recorder taking again his place, the two Kings ascended as hie as the Old-change: from the corner of which street ouerthwart the whole breadth of Cheapside, was built and raised vp a most stately, and well conceyted Pegme, or Pageant, into the depth and secrets whereof I do not intend to wade, because it is expected to bee published presently by the Authour that made it, onely those tastes that mine eie did gather by the view, I will deliuer vnto you: First the middle part betweene the two Arches, for some ten or twelue foote hie from the ground, was represented a Sea, with sundrie Tritons, Sea-nymphs, and others singing within the same, and Musike comforting their voyces: ouer it as it were presenting the Ile of Britaine within the Sea, & round about euen from the ground to the toppe, being as I coniectured aboue forte foote, were nothing but craggie rocks, adorned with foure most stately Pyramides, which standing on each side the Arches, rise from the ground aboue the toppe of the Arches: Tuft ouer the right hand Arch, was *Neptune* all in blew, with his Triton in his hand, and mounted on a Sea-horse of siluer, sitting as in the Sea: ouer the left hand Arch likewise, in an other Sea-caue, sat *Vulcher* the god of Mettals with all such Mettals as this Ile affoordeth, as Copper, Tinne, Leade, Iron, and such like, mounted vppon a

Dragon:

Dragon: and vnder each foote a peece of great Ordinance. Ouer both these Arches the Rockes rose a great height, and were supported on each side by two great Giants: and on the toppes of those two Rockes stoode the Armes of great *Brytain* and *Denmarke* ioyned together, the one side supported by one of the Supporters of England, the other by one of the Supporters of *Denmarke*: betweene these Rockes rose a great height higher, like the heade of a fine Turret, with a Pyramides on the toppe of all, vnder which stoode the greate hatchment of greate *Britain*, and within it sate enthroned (as I conceiued) the genious of Concorde: who vppon the neere approach of the Kings, was by a quaint deuise let downe in her throne, to the lower and middle concaue, where setting open her doores, and deliuering a long speech to the Kings, she discouered to their Maiesties the modell of a faire citie, and much other treasures: there sate the genious of the citie of London, who deliuered to the Kings a long speech in Latin, so did allo *Neptune*: the Sea-Nymphs sang in Latin, and the musick was wondrous delightful: the Pageant was wondrously adorned with many guilt columbs, rich banners, & guidons and manie shields, with sundrie learned deuices: after the kings were past through this Pageant, they came into *Paules* churh-yard, where ouer against *Pauls* schoole sat al the petty Canons & singing me belonging to the great cathedral Church of S. *Paul*, amongst who were mingled a cõsort of cornets, Sagbuts, & other wind instrumẽts: at *Pauls* schoole doore was a little scaffold reard & couered with cloth of gold, from whence was a most elo-

quent oration made to the two Kings in Latin: from thence both the two Maiesties did depart, and riding alongst *Pauls* churchyard, came to Ludgate: thence they road downe Ludgate-hill, till they came to Fleetstreet Cunduit, from whence as soone as the Kinges approched, was heard a moste excellent consort of stil musick, which inuiting the two Kings to lift vp their eyes, they might beholde a verie fine artificiall sommer bower of greene bowes diuided with curtaines of crimson taffatie, the top of the Arbor made canapie wise and hung round about with this inscription, *Deus nobis hæc otia fecit*; and after, a moste excellent song sung dialogue wise, containing these wordes.

Shepheard: *Sweet Ioe vouchsafe once to impart,*
did euer liue so coy a lasse,
that vnto loue was neuer moued?

Shephardesse: *Yes Shephard She that has the hart,*
and is resolud her life to passe:
neither to loue or be beloued.

He: *She senceless liues, without affection.*

She: *Yet happie liues, without subiection.*

He: *To be pluckt are Roses blowne,*
To be mowed are meddowes growne:
Iemmes are made but to be showne,
And woman's best
She: *To holde her owne.*

The

The Kings might behold within the Arbour, a faire Shepheard courting a coy Shepherdesse, who had answered him that she would loue him, when she could behold two Sunnes at one time of equall brightnesse: when there were two Maiesties of like splendor, or two Kings in one state, with many such like imagined impossibilities, which now he shewed her were come to passe, approouing those two kings two glorious Suns, two Maiesties, and what else she had reputed impossible: After these speeches which held a pretty space, the Musicke plaied, and there was another song sung of farewell: at the ende whereof, the Kings Maiesties departed, and so roade along through Fleetstreete to Temple-barre, where the Lord Maior of the Citie taking his humble leaue of the two Kings, and receyuing many gracious thanks, had the sworde deliuered him backe, and himselfe redeliuered the Scepter, and so withall the rest of his brethren, who mounted vpon their foote-cloathes, richly trapt in goldē trappers came to meete him, they departed into the Citie. The two Kings Maiesties in forme as at the first, keepe on their way from Temple-Barre, all through the Strande, so to Charing-crosse, and thence to White-hall, where dismounting about seauen of the clocke in the Euening, they feasted and reposed themselues there all that night.

On Friday being the first day of August the Kings Maiestie of *Denmarke* being attended on by diuerse of our principall Nobilitie, past priuately to the Citie of London, vntill hee came to the greate Cathedrall Church of S. Paul, being onely to be admired for the

antiquitie,and hugeneſſe,rather for his beautie or curi-oſitie,and yet there be ſome things beyond ſodaine capacitie, as both his ſtately aſcentions and the artificiall workemanſhip of diuers faire Windowes and beautifull Tombs. Then his Maieſtie went to the toppe of the ſteeple, from whence he might take the proſpect and full view of the whole Citie, whoſe outſtretched limmits I make no doubt, but inflamed him both with delight and admiration.

After his Maieſtie had beheld this famous Monument,he went to behold the Roiall Exchange, which bejng founded & built at the charges of a ſubiect, may verie wel be rauckt and rekconed amongſt the greateſt Monuments preſerued in any ferraine Nation: From thence his Maieſtie went vntill he came to the Tower, where entring,he beheld the ſtrengths, glories, riches, and other antient monuments preſerued within that place,ſuch as I do not think any chriſtian king or other whatſoeuer is able to boaſt of any houſe cõparable to it in greatnes,ſtrength,and moſt ſtrange furniſhmẽts:one part of it containing the principall munition or ſtore-houſe for al maner of warlike preparations,as ordinãce of all ſorts,euen frõ the double Canon,to the hand Py-ſtoll,& all things whatſoeuer, which belongeth to any of their ſeueral vſes:alſo horſmẽs ſtaues,pikes,halberts, browne bils,bowes, arrowes, armour innumerable, or what engines ſoeuer hath at any time been practiſed in our Engliſh wars:but to behold the infinite number of iron bullets of all ſorts & ſiſes, made for the great ordinance,lying in huge heaps,wold put an ignorant mind into much aſtoniſhment: there is in an other part, the mint,

mint,& places for the triall of mettals, a thing more thē ſtrange to them that are not accuſtomed to ſuch ſights: in an other place are all the ancient records, charters,& eſpecial euidence of this kingdom: in another place, the wardrope, robes vſually worne by all the former kings and Queens of this nation, where if one obſerue the ſeueral faſhions, embroderies, cuts, adornations, riches beauty, brauery, & comely plainnes, which time hath brought forth, altred,& renued, it wold not only moue admire, but euen inchant with the weight of ſeuerall conſiderations: there is another part of the Tower, the treaſurie or iewel houſe, which how it is fraught or ſtored, I haue herd diuers miraculouſly ſpeak: but becauſe I haue not with mine own eies beheld, I wil only imagin it is ſuch, ſo excellent, & not to be equalled, as wel may be ſeeme the dignitie and greatnes of ſo rich & famous a kingdome: to cōclude, in this houſe which is euen like a little citie: within it ſelfe, are all the moſt memorable monuments which any former time hath left worthy to be remēbred: after the kings maieſty of *Denmarke* had taken full view of this goodly caſtle or chief ſtrength of our citie, & what elſe was thought worthy of his royall preſence in the citie, he departed backe to his own court, which then was held at Sōmerſet houſe in the ſtrand,& frō thēce to white-hal where he lodged.

On Saterday being the ſecond day of Auguſt, both the Kings Maieſties road in the morning to Maribone Parke, where they hunted, where after they had killed diuerſe Bucks, they returned to White-hall, and from thence in the afternoone departed to *Greenwich*, where they feaſted all Sunday being the third day of Auguſt.

On munday being the fourth day of Auguſt it pleaſed our Kings Maieſtie himſelfe in perſō, and the Kings Maieſtie of *Denmarke* likewiſe in perſon, and diuers others of his eſtate to runne at the ring in the Tilt-yard at *Greenwich*, where the King of *Denmarke* approued to all Iudgements, that Maieſtie is neuer vnaccompanied with vertue: for there in the preſence of all his beholders, he tooke the ring fower ſeuerall times, and would I thinke haue done the like foure ſcore times, had he runne ſo many courſes.

On Tueſday being the fift day of Auguſt, and the great feſtiuall for our Kinges Maieſties preſeruation from *Gowries* treaſons: The Kinges Maieſtie of *Denmarke* ran at the Tilt in perſon, and diuers other noble perſonages; where his Maieſtie expreſt an able and induring bodie, how it was gouernd by an inuincible mind, inricht with all the artes and graces due to his high birth and office, there was that day alſo great Beare-baiting, Bull-baitinge and other ſports: there was alſo great wraſtling and exerſiſes of force, betweene Deuonſhire and Cornwall, againſt Suffolke and Norfolke, wherein Suffolke and Norfolke was reputed to haue the preheminence: thither came alſo all the maiſters of of the noble ſcience of Defence, but becauſe the day was then ſpent, they were apointed to come the next morning by ſix of the clocke in the morning being wedneſday the ſixt of Auguſt, where what paſſed you muſt expect in your next aduertiſmēt, theiſe former taſtes being of all the paſſages, as yet and hitherto effected.

FINIS.